

## Problem Set 0

### Problem 1

Let  $(\Omega, \Pr)$  be a discrete probability space and let  $A, B \in 2^\Omega$  be events that are independent. Show that  $\bar{A}$  and  $\bar{B}$  are independent.

### Problem 2

We flip a fair coin  $n$  times. We are interested in sequences tosses that all come up heads. For simplicity, let  $n$  be a power of two.

- Show that the probability that we see a sequence of  $1 + \log n$  heads is at most  $1/2$ .
- Show that the probability to see a sequence of more than  $1 + \log n$  heads decreases exponentially. To do that, find an upper bound on the probability for a sequence with  $k + \log n$  heads that decreases exponentially in  $k$ .

### Problem 3

In this task, we want to cut a graph  $G = (V, E)$  into  $r$  pieces instead of cutting it into two pieces as in the lecture. We say that  $r$  disjoint subsets  $V_1, \dots, V_r$  with  $V = \cup_{i=1}^r V_i$  are an  $r$ -cut of  $G$ . We pay for all edges between these subsets, our cost is:  $\frac{1}{2}(|\delta(V_1)| + |\delta(V_2)| + \dots + |\delta(V_r)|)$ . We want to find an  $r$ -cut with minimum cost.

Generalize Karger's contract algorithm such that it finds an  $r$ -cut and give a lower bound on the probability that it outputs a minimum  $r$ -cut.